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SOUTH CAROLINA EMPLOYMENT TRENDS

APRIL, 1991

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EMPLOYMENT OVERVIEW

NONFARM EMPLOYMENT RISES

South Carolina's economy, spurred by increased tourist activities at the state's vacation and recreation areas, produced 12,300 nonfarm jobs in April. Private sector employers were responsible for the entire monthly job growth with the hiring of 12,800 workers while government jobs declined 500. Nonfarm employment reached 1,559,000 for the month and was 11,900 greater than the year-ago level. South Carolina's nonfarm female employment increased by 5,700. The state's unemployment rate for April dropped from 6.2% to 5.7%, well below the national rate of 6.6%.

TOURISM BOOSTS TRADE AND SERVICE JOB COUNTS

Tourism, as usual, exerted a strong seasonal influence on the retail trade and service industries. Trade employment climbed 6,600 to 348,300 on the strength of hiring at retail establishments (+6,400). In retailing, eating and drinking places, food stores, general merchandise stores, and apparel and accessory stores fueled the expansion. Employment in services rose 4,300 to a record high 312,300 in April. Within services, seasonal hiring in hotels and other lodging places, business services, and health services accounted for 77% of the new jobs. Female workers continued to heavily dominate the trade and service employment picture, gaining 5,600 jobs or 5 out of every 10 positions. The coastal areas of Horry and Georgetown counties recorded sharp tourism-related declines in their unemployment rates during April, dropping from 8.2% to 6.3% and 8.9% to 7.7%, respectively. Beaufort County posted the state's lowest unemployment rate of 3.5% and Charleston's rate dropped from 4.3% to 4.1%.

MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT POST GAINS

South Carolina's manufacturing employment reversed its downward trend with the recall of employees on temporary layoffs totaling 1,000. Within manufacturing, nondurable goods added 1,300 workers while an offset of 300 positions occurred in durable goods. Textile mill products, a division of the soft-good sector, rose 1,200 over the month. The state's manufacturing production workweek edged down 0.1 hour to 40.6 while hourly earnings inched up $.01 to $9.07. Nationally, the manufacturing workweek was up 0.1 hour to 40.2 and hourly earnings rose $.05 to $11.12. Productivity for manufacturing workers slipped 0.3 point to 97.7 during the month attributed to a decline in output at both durable- and nondurable-good factories.

MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT POST GAINS (Continued)

Transportation and public utilities provided an additional 400 positions during April. Meanwhile, the job count in finance, insurance, and real estate was up 300 to 65,300 because of moderate real estate activities at resort areas around the state. However, unseasonable warm weather did little to trigger any significant growth in the state's sluggish construction arena where only 200 workers were added over the month.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT DROPS IN APRIL

In the public sector, state and local government registered losses of 200 and 500, respectively. The federal payrolls increased by 200 in April because of nondefense-related hiring. Overall the government employment count in April of 301,300 was 15,400 above the year-ago level.

OUTLOOK

South Carolina's economy is expected to continue its seasonal expansion in May, fueled by gains in trade and services. The state's unemployment rate, however, is expected to experience a moderate upturn as students enter the summer job market.

TABLE 1
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY
April, 1991

Unadjusted Data

	SOUTH CAROLINA			UNITED STATES*		
	Current Month	Previous Month	Year-Ago	Current Month	Previous Month	Year-Ago
Civilian Labor Force	1,748,700	1,720,900	1,709,500	124,727	124,443	123,816
Total Employment	1,648,700	1,614,000	1,643,200	116,678	115,639	117,359
Total Unemployment	100,000	106,900	66,300	8,049	8,804	6,457
Unemployment Rate	5.7	6.2	3.9	6.5	7.1	5.2

Seasonally Adjusted Data

	SOUTH CAROLINA			UNITED STATES*		
	Current Month	Previous Month	Year-Ago	Current Month	Previous Month	Year-Ago
Civilian Labor Force	1,754,100	1,723,600	1,714,900	125,672	125,326	124,781
Total Employment	1,649,100	1,616,900	1,643,600	117,398	116,754	118,090
Total Unemployment	105,000	106,700	71,300	8,274	8,572	6,691
Unemployment Rate	6.0	6.2	4.2	6.6	6.8	5.4

* Data for the United States are rounded to the nearest thousands

(Continued on next page)

TABLE 1 (Continued)
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY
April, 1991

Metropolitan Statistical Areas
Unadjusted Data Only

	GREENVILLE-SPARTANBURG			COLUMBIA		
	Current Month	Previous Month	Year-Ago	Current Month	Previous Month	Year-Ago
Civilian Labor Force	346,570	341,040	339,330	246,810	242,460	240,310
Total Employment	328,910	322,150	328,140	237,170	232,560	233,170
Total Unemployment	17,660	18,890	11,190	9,650	9,900	7,140
Unemployment Rate	5.1	5.5	3.3	3.9	4.1	3.0

	CHARLESTON		
	Current Month	Previous Month	Year-Ago
Civilian Labor Force	244,900	239,040	234,010
Total Employment	234,870	228,720	227,480
Total Unemployment	10,040	10,330	6,530
Unemployment Rate	4.1	4.3	2.8

NOTE: Comparable data for the Anderson (Anderson County), Florence (Florence County) Metropolitan Areas can be found on Table #14 under the appropriate counties.

WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT DEVELOPMENTS IN THE MAJOR METROPOLITAN AREAS

METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS (Includes the Greenville-Spartanburg, Columbia, and Charleston MSA's)

A welcomed expansion in every major private industry division, including manufacturing which has been bombarded with layoffs over the past several months, pushed employment up 3,900 in the state's three MSA's in April. Government employment, however, slipped slightly over the month. The Greenville MSA, the largest of the three areas, added the most jobs, up 1,800. Charleston, with the arrival of the spring tourist season, produced 1,600 positions. Columbia, due to a slight reduction in manufacturing and government, added only 500 jobs. The 3,900-job expansion in April, while still a healthy increase, was below the advances registered in April of the previous two years. Employment gains in the state's MSA's represented 32% of the state's total increases in April.

For the second straight month, seasonal expansion in services and trade led the metro area's advances with jumps of 2,000 and 900, respectively. Service sector increases were widespread with the sharpest gains occurring in hotels and other lodging places, business services, and amusement and recreation services. Service sector gains were spread virtually evenly among the three MSA's. Employment gains in trade occurred in the retail sector while wholesale trade remained unchanged. The retail trade advances were also widespread, with eating and drinking places, variety stores, and food stores providing the most new opportunities for employment.

The finance, insurance, and real estate industry experienced a surprisingly strong showing in April, adding 500 positions across the three MSA's. Advances were recorded in all three industries of the division with the majority coming in real estate which experienced normal seasonal gains. Construction, and transportation and public utilities added 300 jobs each to the metro area payrolls in April. Here again, these were mostly seasonal job increases as the spring season kicked into gear.

METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS (Includes the Greenville-Spartanburg, Columbia, and Charleston MSA'S)

The biggest positive sign coming out of April's employment report was the rise of 200 manufacturing jobs. This marked the first time since October, 1990 that manufacturing employment had advanced. However, while not wanting to dampen what was certainly a good sign in April's report, it should be noted that since the last increase in October, 1990, manufacturing employment had fallen 5,200. Most of April's growth was due to callbacks from layoffs that were registered in earlier months. While April's gains were minimal in recovering from the recent plummet in the manufacturing sector, they were a step in the right direction.

The one trouble spot for the state's MSA's in April was government which lost 300 workers. The declines were spread among federal, state, and local governments in the Columbia and Charleston areas while Greenville's public employment level managed to advance slightly. Federal government losses occurred in the Charleston area where federal budget cuts are beginning to take effect. State and local setbacks were registered mostly in school-related nonfaculty positions in the Columbia area.

Seven of the metro areas' eight counties ranked in the top ten in the state for the lowest unemployment rates in April. Also, unemployment rates in all eight MSA counties either improved or remained unchanged over the month. Spartanburg County (6.2%), which experienced a number of manufacturing layoffs, was the only metro county with a higher unemployment rate than the statewide rate of 5.7%. The other seven counties' rates were as follows: Lexington (3.7%); Richland (4.0%); Charleston (4.1%); Berkeley (4.1%); Dorchester (4.3%); Greenville (4.5%); and Pickens (4.8%). Of the three MSA's, Columbia had the lowest rate at 3.9%, followed by Charleston at 4.1%, and finally Greenville at 5.1%.

SOUTH CAROLINA AGRICULTURAL NEWS

WEATHER CONDITIONS

Although cloudy skies and scattered showers were predominant over much of the state during the first half of April causing delays in field preparation and planting, the warm weather conditions were very favorable for farm activities. Soil moisture ratings by the week ending April 28, 1991 were 9% short, 78% adequate, and 13% surplus. There were an average of 4.7 days suitable for fieldwork activities.

FIELD CROPS

Corn planting was virtually complete in many counties, and the condition of the crop was rated fair to good. Tobacco planting continued progressing well ahead of the normal pace. The crop was reported in fair-to-good condition. Because of the rain showers, cotton planting lagged behind schedule while peanut, sorghum, and sweet potato planting continued to progress ahead of the normal pace.

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Planting of watermelons and cantaloups continued to progress ahead of the normal pace. The crop was reported in fair-to-good condition as were the cucumber and snap bean crops.

EMPLOYMENT

There were approximately **1,971** seasonal farmworkers employed throughout South Carolina during April.

S.C. WEEKLY CROP STATISTICS
Week Ending 4/28/91

Crop	Phase	Percent Completed Current	Year Ago
Cantaloups	Planted	75	69
Corn	Planted	91	95
Cotton	Planted	17	22
Cucumbers	Planted	77	86
Peanuts	Planted	31	16
Snap Beans	Planted	58	54
Sweet Potatoes	Planted	13	18
Tobacco	Planted	88	96
Watermelons	Planted	85	76

UNITED STATES ECONOMY

The nation's unemployment rate defied analysts' expectations in April by falling 0.2 point to 6.6%. . .marking the first drop since June, 1990. Overall, 125,000 positions were cut from the nation's payrolls over the month compared to an average 224,000 jobs lost per month over the previous six months. For the third consecutive month, manufacturing registered the sharpest setback, slipping another 42,000. Manufacturing employment declined in every month between February, 1990 and April, 1991. Retail trade was the second largest contributor to April's employment decline, falling 39,000 to register its third straight monthly drop. Construction failed to meet seasonal expectations and slipped another 21,000 jobs in April, making the number of construction jobs lost in twelve months top the 550,000 mark. Services, on the strength of advances in health services and business services, was the only major industry reporting any substantial increases in April, rising 21,000. Analysts and government officials hope that April's employment report was not a fluke, and that the economy is beginning to dig its way out of the recession - but all warn that everyone should take a "wait-and-see" attitude. Employment fluctuations and unemployment rates were adjusted to account for seasonal fluctuations.

Housing starts rose 6.2% in April. . .to a seasonally adjusted annual level of 957,000. Analysts speculated that the housing industry bottomed out in January when the annual rate was 847,000. Even with April's positive figures, it should be noted that housing starts in the first four months of 1991 were 31% below the same period of 1990. Housing starts were up in every region of the country in April except the Northeast which fell 2%.

UNITED STATES ECONOMY
(Continued)

Producer prices rose only 0.2% in April . . . following four months of declines bringing further evidence that inflation is running at a moderate level. Producer prices were only 3.2% higher than a year earlier. Core inflation at the producer price level, which excludes the volatile food and energy segments, rose only 0.2% as well. Energy prices stabilized somewhat in April, falling 0.3% following drops of 3.2% in March and 5.1% in February. Food prices climbed 0.4% over the month marking the sharpest jump in six months. Much of this increase was due to a steep 34.3% hike in vegetable prices. Prices for intermediate goods, which are goods that have had some processing, decreased by 0.4% in April while prices for crude goods dropped 0.5%. These figures indicate positive signs for future producer price reports.

The Consumer Price Index rose 0.2% to 135.2 in April. . .providing further evidence of controlled inflation. April's consumer price report was especially promising in that energy prices(-0.7%), which had been plummeting in the first three months of the year, stabilized somewhat over the month but the index remained under control. Excluding energy and food segments caused no change in April's report indicating that core inflation at the consumer level was under control as well. Price increases were registered in such industries as food and entertainment (+0.7%), medical care (+0.5%), and housing (+0.2%) while declines were seen in transportation (-0.3%) and apparel (-0.2%).

Retail sales slipped 0.1% in April. . .following a large upward revision of March's data. Originally March's retail sales were reported to have dropped 0.8% but they were subsequently revised to an increase of 0.4%. In April, the declines were due in large part to a 1% drop in spending at food stores and a 2.8% decline in sales at the nation's gasoline stations. On the other hand, increases in retail sales occurred with building materials (+3.5%), furniture (+1.8%), and automobiles (+0.3%). The rise at auto dealerships was the second straight hike, a possible sign of a turnaround in that troubled industry.

UNITED STATES ECONOMY
(Continued)

Industrial output took its first turn upward in six months in April, rising 0.1%. . .Much of April's advance was due to a 10.7% jump in auto and truck production which increased after four months of weak production levels. Excluding the increase in auto and truck production, industrial output slipped 0.2%. While industrial output creeped up in April, plant capacity use continued its seven-month skid, falling to 78.3%, its lowest level since September, 1983.

Factory workers in the nation's manufacturing plants saw their weekly paychecks rise $2.00 to $445.91 in April. . .marking the third straight monthly increase. The jump in the weekly paycheck could be attributed to an advance in the hourly wage which rose $.05 to $11.12 and a rise in the number of hours worked per week, which climbed 0.1 hour to a seasonally adjusted level of 40.2 hours. This was the first time that weekly hours had risen in four months, and was also the largest increase in hourly wages in four months. Overtime hours remained unchanged in April at a seasonally adjusted level of 3.2 hours.

TABLE 2

SUMMARY OF MONTHLY EARNINGS
OF MANUFACTURING WORKERS
BASE YEAR 1982-1984 = 100.0

April, 1991

South Carolina

	Current Month	Previous Month	Year-Ago
Average Hourly Earnings	$ 9.07	$ 9.06	$ 8.76
Average Weekly Earnings	$368.24	$368.74	$355.66
Inflation-Adjusted Weekly Earnings (1982-84 Dollars)	$272.37	$273.14	$275.92

Greenville-Spartanburg MSA

	Current Month	Previous Month	Year-Ago
Average Hourly Earnings	$ 9.08	$ 9.02	$ 8.71
Average Weekly Earnings	$365.02	$363.51	$352.76
Inflation-Adjusted Weekly Earnings (1982-84 Dollars)	$269.99	$269.27	$273.67

Columbia MSA

	Current Month	Previous Month	Year-Ago
Average Hourly Earnings	$ 9.31	$ 9.26	$ 9.02
Average Weekly Earnings	$379.85	$377.81	$374.33
Inflation-Adjusted Weekly Earnings (1982-84 Dollars)	$280.95	$279.86	$290.40

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TABLE 2 (Continued)

SUMMARY OF MONTHLY EARNINGS
OF MANUFACTURING WORKERS
BASE YEAR 1982-1984 = 100.0

April, 1991

	Charleston MSA		
	Current Month	Previous Month	Year-Ago
Average Hourly Earnings	$ 9.40	$ 9.38	$ 9.14
Average Weekly Earnings	$378.82	$377.08	$372.91
Inflation-Adjusted Weekly Earnings (1982-84 Dollars)	$280.19	$279.32	$289.30

	United States		
	Current Month	Previous Month	Year-Ago
Average Hourly Earnings	$ 11.12	$ 11.07	$ 10.75
Average Weekly Earnings	$445.91	$443.91	$427.85
Inflation-Adjusted Weekly Earnings (1982-84 Dollars)	$329.82	$328.82	$331.92

TABLE 3

PRODUCTIVITY INDEX

April, 1991

	Current Month	Previous Month	Year-Ago
Production-Worker Productivity Index	97.7	98.0	103.1
Durable-Good Productivity Index	113.9	114.2	119.5
Nondurable-Good Productivity Index	90.6	90.9	96.0
Textile Productivity Index	82.3	82.0	86.7
Apparel Productivity Index	75.3	77.8	87.7

U.S. CONSUMER PRICE INDEX - ALL URBAN CONSUMERS

Base Year 1982-84 = 100.0

April, 1991

				Unadjusted percent change to April, 1991 from-	
	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990
All items	135.2	135.0	128.9	+0.1	+4.9

IS THE EMPLOYEE THAT YOU NEED AT A JOB SERVICE OFFICE TODAY?

WHY NOT CHECK THE FOLLOWING MINI-RESUMES AND SEE?

Occupation Desired	# Mths Exper	Other Exper	# Mths Exper	Education (Highest Grade Completed)	Hours Desired / Annual Income Desired	Relocate? / Location of * Applicant
Superintendent Construction	24	Carpenter Supervisor	60	14	Full / $22,080	Yes / Beaufort
Sales Manager	99	None	N/A	12	Full / 26,000	No / Chester
Electrical Engineer	99	None	N/A	14	Full / 30,000	Yes / Florence
Tractor Trailer Truck Driver	25	Machine Operator	67	12	Full / 13,000	Yes / Gaffney
Computer Programmer	06	None	N/A	14	Full / 18,000	Yes / Greenwood
Arc Welder	28	Mechanic	99	12	Full / 20,800	No / Hampton
Retail Manager	24	None	N/A	16	Full / 15,000	Yes / Hartsville
Log Truck Driver	99	None	N/A	07	Full / 20,800	No / Kingstree
Geologist	21	None	N/A	18	Full / 20,800	Yes / Lancaster
Supv. Electronic Processing	27	Production Supt.	99	16	Full / 24,000	Yes / Marion
Parts Sprayer	17	Welder	84	12	Full / 14,500	Yes / Newberry
Industrial Manager	99	Sales Manager	99	16	Full / 30,000	Yes / Rock Hill
Executive Chef	36	None	N/A	14	Full / 14,000	Yes / Sumter

* There are currently more than 264,936 applicants seeking jobs through Job Service offices in South Carolina. The above mini-resumes are examples of the types of individuals available. You may contact the Job Service office in your area for further information.

Months experience – "99" indicates experience exceeds 8 years and 3 months.

TABLE 4

NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA
BY MAJOR INDUSTRY DIVISION AND SELECTED INDUSTRY GROUP

April, 1991

	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990	Net Change From: Mar. 1991	Net Change From: Apr. 1990
Total Nonagricultural Employment.....	1559.0	1546.7	1547.1	+12.3	+11.9
Total Private.....	1257.7	1244.9	1261.2	+12.8	- 3.5
Mining.....	2.0	2.0	2.0	0.0	0.0
Construction.....	96.7	96.5	100.9	+ 0.2	- 4.2
Heavy Construction, Excluding Building....	12.6	12.6	12.9	0.0	- 0.3
Highway and Street Construction.....	3.4	3.2	3.3	+ 0.2	+ 0.1
Heavy Construction, Excluding Highway....	9.2	9.4	9.6	- 0.2	- 0.4
Special Trade Contractors.....	46.0	45.9	48.7	+ 0.1	- 2.7
Plumbing, Heating, Air Conditioning.....	10.7	10.8	11.7	- 0.1	- 1.0
Electrical Work.....	9.4	9.4	10.7	0.0	- 1.3
Manufacturing (See detail on Table #5).....	366.8	365.8	384.7	+ 1.0	-17.9
Durable Goods.....	129.5	129.8	135.8	- 0.3	- 6.3
Nondurable Goods.....	237.3	236.0	248.9	+ 1.3	-11.6
Transportation and Public Utilities.....	66.3	65.9	66.9	+ 0.4	- 0.6
Trucking and Warehousing.....	19.5	19.4	20.3	+ 0.1	- 0.8
Water Transportation.....	3.1	3.0	3.4	+ 0.1	- 0.3
Communications.....	14.1	14.1	13.9	0.0	+ 0.2
Telephone Communications.....	9.5	9.5	9.4	0.0	+ 0.1
Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Services.....	16.5	16.5	16.2	0.0	+ 0.3
Electric Services.....	9.9	9.9	9.9	0.0	0.0
Combination Utility Services.....	4.2	4.2	3.9	0.0	+ 0.3
Wholesale and Retail Trade.....	348.3	341.7	346.2	+ 6.6	+ 2.1
Wholesale Trade.....	61.1	60.9	61.2	+ 0.2	- 0.1
Wholesale Trade-Durable Goods.....	33.4	33.3	34.0	+ 0.1	- 0.6
Machinery, Equipment, and Supplies.....	10.0	10.0	9.9	0.0	+ 0.1
Wholesale Trade-Nondurable Goods.....	27.7	27.6	27.2	+ 0.1	+ 0.5
Groceries and Related Products.....	9.7	9.6	9.4	+ 0.1	+ 0.3
Groceries, General Line.....	4.5	4.4	4.3	+ 0.1	+ 0.2
Petroleum and Petroleum Products.....	3.7	3.7	3.5	0.0	+ 0.2

(Continued on next page)

— TABLE 4 (Continued)

NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA
BY MAJOR INDUSTRY DIVISION AND SELECTED INDUSTRY GROUP

April, 1991

	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990	Net Change From: Mar. 1991	Net Change From: Apr. 1990
Retail Trade	287.2	280.8	285.0	+ 6.4	+ 2.2
Building Materials and Garden Supplies	12.2	12.1	12.5	+ 0.1	- 0.3
Lumber and Other Building Materials	6.7	6.7	6.9	0.0	- 0.2
General Merchandise Stores	37.1	36.7	36.3	+ 0.4	+ 0.8
Food Stores	52.1	51.2	51.2	+ 0.9	+ 0.9
Grocery Stores	48.2	47.4	48.2	+ 0.8	0.0
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	65.3	65.0	66.1	+ 0.3	- 0.8
Depository Institutions	22.2	22.1	22.2	+ 0.1	0.0
Commercial Banks	14.9	14.8	14.8	+ 0.1	+ 0.1
National Commercial Banks	8.8	8.7	8.7	+ 0.1	+ 0.1
Insurance Carriers	13.2	13.3	13.7	- 0.1	- 0.5
Life Insurance	5.8	5.9	6.1	- 0.1	- 0.3
Services	312.3	308.0	294.4	+ 4.3	+17.9
Hotels and Other Lodging Places	27.9	25.9	25.0	+ 2.0	+ 2.9
Health Services	61.0	60.8	57.3	+ 0.2	+ 3.7
Nursing and Personal Care Facilities	12.5	12.5	11.7	0.0	+ 0.8
Hospitals	21.1	21.0	19.5	+ 0.1	+ 1.6
Educational Services	25.9	25.9	23.6	0.0	+ 2.3
Colleges and Universities	16.1	16.1	13.7	0.0	+ 2.4
Total Government	301.3	301.8	285.9	- 0.5	+15.4
Total Federal Government	43.2	43.0	40.6	+ 0.2	+ 2.6
Total State and Federal Government	258.1	258.8	245.3	- 0.7	+12.8
Total State Government	104.9	105.1	96.4	- 0.2	+ 8.5
State Government Education	46.4	46.4	40.2	0.0	+ 6.2
Other State Government	58.5	58.7	56.2	- 0.2	+ 2.3
Total Local Government	153.2	153.7	148.9	- 0.5	+ 4.3
Local Government Education	87.0	87.6	85.5	- 0.6	+ 1.5
Other Local Government	66.2	66.1	63.4	+ 0.1	+ 2.8

Note: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 5

WAGE AND SALARY MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA

April, 1991

	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990	Net Change From: Mar. 1991	Net Change From: Apr. 1990
Manufacturing	366.8	365.8	384.7	+ 1.0	-17.9
Durable Goods	129.5	129.8	135.8	- 0.3	- 6.3
Lumber and Wood Products	14.4	14.4	15.5	0.0	- 1.1
Sawmills and Planing Mills	4.9	4.9	4.9	0.0	0.0
Millwork, Plywood, and Structural Members.	3.0	3.0	3.5	0.0	- 0.5
Furniture and Fixtures	3.8	3.8	4.5	0.0	- 0.7
Household Furniture	2.8	2.8	3.2	0.0	- 0.4
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	9.1	9.2	9.7	- 0.1	- 0.6
Glass and Glassware, Pressed or Blown	3.2	3.2	3.2	0.0	0.0
Concrete, Gypsum, and Plaster Products	2.6	2.6	2.8	0.0	- 0.2
Primary Metal Industries	8.5	8.5	9.0	0.0	- 0.5
Fabricated Metal Products	16.7	16.8	17.5	- 0.1	- 0.8
Cutlery, Hand Tools, and Hardware	2.7	2.7	3.0	0.0	- 0.3
Fabricated Structural Metal Products	6.0	6.1	6.5	- 0.1	- 0.5
Industrial Machinery and Equipment	34.8	34.9	37.0	- 0.1	- 2.2
Metalworking Machinery	6.2	6.3	6.8	- 0.1	- 0.6
Special Industry Machinery	5.6	5.6	6.0	0.0	- 0.4
General Industrial Machinery	7.5	7.6	7.8	- 0.1	- 0.3
Electronic and Other Electric Equipment	22.5	22.6	23.0	- 0.1	- 0.5
Electrical Industrial Apparatus	2.5	2.5	2.3	0.0	+ 0.2
Household Appliances	3.2	3.2	2.6	0.0	+ 0.6
Electronic Components and Accessories	7.1	7.1	7.8	0.0	- 0.7
Transportation Equipment	10.8	10.7	10.6	+ 0.1	+ 0.2
Instruments and Related Products	5.8	5.7	5.6	+ 0.1	+ 0.2
Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	3.1	3.2	3.4	- 0.1	- 0.3
Nondurable Goods	237.3	236.0	248.9	+ 1.3	-11.6
Food and Kindred Products	13.8	13.6	15.1	+ 0.2	- 1.3
Meat Products	4.9	4.8	5.3	+ 0.1	- 0.4
Beverages	2.2	2.1	2.3	+ 0.1	- 0.1
Textile Mill Products	94.3	93.1	99.8	+ 1.2	- 5.5
Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Cotton	25.0	24.9	26.4	+ 0.1	- 1.4
Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Manmade	23.2	22.6	25.2	+ 0.6	- 2.0
Knitting Mills	7.8	7.9	8.3	- 0.1	- 0.5
Textile Finishing, Except Wool	14.1	14.3	14.4	- 0.2	- 0.3
Finishing Plants, Cotton	7.3	7.5	7.4	- 0.2	- 0.1
Finishing Plants, Manmade	6.1	6.1	6.2	0.0	- 0.1
Yarn and Thread Mills	10.2	9.5	11.0	+ 0.7	- 0.8
Yarn Spinning Mills	9.6	8.9	10.2	+ 0.7	- 0.6
Miscellaneous Textile Goods	7.2	7.1	7.1	+ 0.1	+ 0.1

(Continued on next page)

TABLE 5 (Continued)

WAGE AND SALARY MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA

April, 1991

	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990	Net Change From: Mar. 1991	Net Change From: Apr. 1990
Apparel and Other Textile Products.....	36.9	37.1	41.7	- 0.2	- 4.8
Men's and Boys' Furnishings.....	8.3	8.3	9.9	0.0	- 1.6
Men's and Boys' Shirts.....	5.6	5.5	6.2	+ 0.1	- 0.6
Women's and Misses' Outerwear.....	11.7	11.8	12.9	- 0.1	- 1.2
Women's and Misses' Blouses and Shirts.	3.5	3.6	3.9	- 0.1	- 0.4
Women's and Children's Undergarments.....	1.6	1.7	2.2	- 0.1	- 0.6
Girls & Children's Outerwear.....	2.9	3.0	3.7	- 0.1	- 0.8
Miscellaneous Apparel and Accessories.....	2.3	2.3	2.3	0.0	0.0
Miscellaneous Fabricated Textile Prod.....	9.3	9.4	10.0	- 0.1	- 0.7
Paper and Allied Products.....	16.7	16.7	16.5	0.0	+ 0.2
Paperboard Mills.....	3.2	3.2	3.3	0.0	- 0.1
Paperboard Containers and Boxes.....	5.6	5.6	5.6	0.0	0.0
Miscellaneous Converted Paper Products....	4.6	4.6	4.5	0.0	+ 0.1
Printing and Publishing.....	11.4	11.4	11.5	0.0	- 0.1
Newspapers.....	4.5	4.5	4.4	0.0	+ 0.1
Commercial Printing.....	4.5	4.5	4.9	0.0	- 0.4
Chemicals and Allied Products.....	40.2	39.9	39.7	+ 0.3	+ 0.5
Plastics Materials and Synthetics.....	14.5	14.6	15.0	- 0.1	- 0.5
Industrial Organic Chemicals.....	3.1	3.1	3.0	0.0	+ 0.1
Rubber and Miscellaneous Plastics Products.	23.1	23.3	23.7	- 0.2	- 0.6
Fabricated Rubber Products, Not Else-..... where Classified.....	3.3	3.3	3.0	0.0	+ 0.3
Miscellaneous Plastics Products, Not..... Elsewhere Classified.....	9.7	9.8	10.7	- 0.1	- 1.0

Note: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 6

SEASONALLY ADJUSTED NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA

April, 1991

	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990	Net Change From: Mar. 1991	Net Change From: Apr. 1990
Total Nonagricultural Employment.....	1550.9	1553.2	1540.4	- 2.3	+10.5
Total Private.....	1255.5	1257.4	1260.6	- 1.9	- 5.1
Construction.....	97.3	97.3	101.4	0.0	- 4.1
Manufacturing.....	367.6	366.3	385.2	+ 1.3	-17.6
Durable Goods.....	129.4	129.9	135.8	- 0.5	- 6.4
Lumber and Wood Products.....	14.4	14.3	15.5	+ 0.1	- 1.1
Furniture and Fixtures.....	3.7	3.8	4.4	- 0.1	- 0.7
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products.....	9.1	9.2	9.7	- 0.1	- 0.6
Primary Metal Industries.....	8.5	8.5	9.0	0.0	- 0.5
Fabricated Metal Products.....	16.7	16.8	17.5	- 0.1	- 0.8
Industrial Machinery & Equipment.....	34.5	34.7	36.7	- 0.2	- 2.2
Special Industry Machinery.....	5.6	5.6	6.0	0.0	- 0.4
Electronic & Other Electrical Equip.....	22.7	22.8	23.3	- 0.1	- 0.6
Nondurable Goods.....	238.2	236.4	249.8	+ 1.8	-11.6
Food and Kindred Products.....	13.9	13.6	15.2	+ 0.3	- 1.3
Textile Mill Products.....	94.4	93.3	99.9	+ 1.1	- 5.5
Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Cotton.....	25.2	25.0	26.6	+ 0.2	- 1.4
Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Manmade.....	23.2	22.5	25.2	+ 0.7	- 2.0
Knitting Mills.....	7.8	8.0	8.3	- 0.2	- 0.5
Textile Finishing, Except Wool.....	14.1	14.3	14.4	- 0.2	- 0.3
Yarn and Thread Mills.....	10.1	9.5	10.9	+ 0.6	- 0.8
Apparel and Other Textile Products.....	37.0	36.9	41.8	+ 0.1	- 4.8
Men's and Boys' Furnishings.....	8.2	8.3	9.8	- 0.1	- 1.6
Women's and Misses' Outerwear.....	11.7	11.6	12.9	+ 0.1	- 1.2
Miscellaneous Fabricated Textile Prod..	9.4	9.5	10.1	- 0.1	- 0.7
Paper and Allied Products.....	16.7	16.9	16.5	- 0.2	+ 0.2
Printing and Publishing.....	11.5	11.4	11.6	+ 0.1	- 0.1
Chemicals and Allied Products.....	40.5	40.2	40.0	+ 0.3	+ 0.5
Plastic Materials and Synthetics.....	14.6	14.6	15.1	0.0	- 0.5

(Continued on next page)

TABLE 6 (Continued)

SEASONALLY ADJUSTED NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA

April, 1991

	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990	Net Change From: Mar. 1991	Net Change From: Apr. 1990
Transportation and Public Utilities.....	66.6	66.4	67.2	+ 0.2	- 0.6
Trucking and Warehousing.....	19.5	19.6	20.4	- 0.1	- 0.9
Communication.....	14.2	14.2	14.0	0.0	+ 0.2
Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Services....	16.6	16.5	16.3	+ 0.1	+ 0.3
Wholesale and Retail Trade.....	348.4	349.3	346.6	- 0.9	+ 1.8
Wholesale Trade.....	61.1	61.3	61.2	- 0.2	- 0.1
Retail Trade.....	287.3	288.0	285.1	- 0.7	+ 2.2
General Merchandise Stores.....	38.7	37.5	37.8	+ 1.2	+ 0.9
Food Stores.....	52.0	52.9	51.1	- 0.9	+ 0.9
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate.....	65.4	65.8	66.2	- 0.4	- 0.8
Insurance Carriers.....	13.3	13.4	13.8	- 0.1	- 0.5
Services.....	308.2	310.3	290.6	- 2.1	+17.6
Hotels and Other Lodging Places.....	26.6	27.2	23.9	- 0.6	+ 2.7
Educational Services.....	24.5	24.6	22.4	- 0.1	+ 2.1
Total Government.....	295.4	295.8	280.1	- 0.4	+15.3
Total Federal Government.....	43.3	43.4	40.7	- 0.1	+ 2.6
Total State Government.....	102.8	103.2	94.5	- 0.4	+ 8.3
Total Local Government.....	149.3	149.2	145.1	+ 0.1	+ 4.2

Note: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 7

NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT IN THE GREENVILLE-SPARTANBURG AND COLUMBIA METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS BY MAJOR INDUSTRY DIVISION AND SELECTED INDUSTRY GROUP

April, 1991

	GREENVILLE-SPARTANBURG			COLUMBIA		
	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990
Total Nonagricultural Employment.....	338.9	337.1	335.9	252.1	251.6	247.1
Total Private.....	294.0	292.3	293.2	181.8	181.0	178.1
Construction and Mining.....	25.2	24.9	25.5	14.0	13.8	14.4
Special Trade Contractors.....	10.6	10.6	11.6	-	-	-
Manufacturing.....	95.3	95.1	99.5	27.6	27.8	28.0
Durable Goods.....	32.7	32.9	33.7	13.0	13.2	13.4
Lumber and Wood Products Including... Furniture.....	1.4	1.4	1.5	0.5	0.6	0.6
Primary Metal Industries and Fabri-.. cated Metal Products.....	5.9	5.9	6.2	-	-	-
Industrial Machinery and Equipment...	13.2	13.3	13.2	3.0	3.0	3.3
Metalworking Machinery.....	2.5	2.5	2.4	-	-	-
Special Industry Machinery.....	4.2	4.3	4.5	-	-	-
Computer and Office Equipment.....	-	-	-	1.2	1.2	1.4
Electronic and Other Electric Equip-. ment.....	6.5	6.6	7.0	2.4	2.4	2.2
Nondurable Goods.....	62.6	62.2	65.8	14.6	14.6	14.6
Food and Kindred Products.....	2.4	2.4	2.4	1.4	1.4	1.4
Textile Mill Products.....	27.8	27.0	30.1	1.6	1.6	1.7
Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Cotton.....	8.7	8.6	9.4	-	-	-
Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Manmade....	6.9	6.3	7.2	-	-	-
Knitting Mills.....	1.4	1.4	1.5	-	-	-
Textile Finishing, Except Wool.....	3.4	3.6	3.8	-	-	-
Carpets and Rugs.....	2.0	2.0	2.4	-	-	-
Yarn and Thread Mills.....	2.2	2.0	2.6	-	-	-
Apparel and Other Textile Products...	6.3	6.6	7.5	1.8	1.9	2.0
Men's and Boys' Furnishings.....	0.6	0.6	1.0	-	-	-
Women's and Children's Outer and.... Underwear.....	2.7	2.8	3.1	-	-	-
Paper and Allied Products.....	4.9	4.9	5.0	1.9	1.9	1.9
Miscellaneous Converted Paper Prod..	3.5	3.5	3.4	-	-	-
Printing and Publishing.....	-	-	-	2.6	2.6	2.6
Chemicals and Allied Products.....	8.3	8.3	8.2	2.8	2.8	2.7
Plastics Materials and Synthetics...	4.1	4.1	4.2	-	-	-

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TABLE 7 (Continued)

NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT IN THE GREENVILLE-SPARTANBURG AND COLUMBIA METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS BY MAJOR INDUSTRY DIVISION AND SELECTED INDUSTRY GROUP

April, 1991

	GREENVILLE-SPARTANBURG			COLUMBIA		
	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990
Transportation and Public Utilities...	14.7	14.6	14.5	11.4	11.4	11.3
Communications.....	-	-	-	3.7	3.8	3.6
Wholesale and Retail Trade.....	79.1	78.8	77.5	55.5	55.4	54.6
Wholesale Trade.....	18.7	18.7	18.3	14.0	14.1	13.5
Retail Trade.....	60.4	60.1	59.2	41.5	41.3	41.1
General Merchandise Stores.....	7.1	7.1	7.0	5.6	5.5	5.4
Food Stores.....	-	-	-	6.0	5.9	6.0
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate...	12.0	11.9	11.9	17.9	17.7	17.7
Insurance Carriers.....	-	-	-	5.2	5.0	4.7
Services.....	67.7	67.0	64.3	55.4	54.9	52.1
Health Services.....	11.5	11.4	11.0	10.2	10.1	9.5
Hospitals.....	3.4	3.4	3.1	-	-	-
Membership Organizations.....	-	-	-	3.6	3.7	3.0
Total Government.....	44.9	44.8	42.7	70.3	70.6	69.0
Total Federal Government.....	2.6	2.5	2.4	8.4	8.4	8.2
Total State and Local Government.....	42.3	42.3	40.3	61.9	62.2	60.8
Total State Government.....	14.1	14.0	12.6	40.2	40.5	39.5
Total Local Government.....	28.2	28.3	27.7	21.7	21.7	21.3

Note: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 8

NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT
IN THE CHARLESTON AND ANDERSON METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS
BY MAJOR INDUSTRY DIVISION AND SELECTED INDUSTRY GROUP

April, 1991

	CHARLESTON			ANDERSON		
	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990
Total Nonagricultural Employment.....	214.7	213.1	207.8	54.5	54.3	55.0
Total Private.....	158.2	156.5	153.2	-	-	-
Construction and Mining.....	15.8	16.0	16.1	2.4	2.4	2.4
Manufacturing.....	21.0	20.8	21.4	19.0	18.9	20.1
Durable Goods.....	11.7	11.6	12.2	4.9	4.8	5.0
Lumber and Wood Products Including. Furniture.....	2.2	2.3	2.5	-	-	-
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products....	0.8	0.8	0.9	-	-	-
Primary Metal Industry and fabri-.. cated Metal Products.....	2.1	2.1	2.1	-	-	-
Industrial Machinery and Equipment.	2.7	2.8	2.9	-	-	-
Transportation Equipment.....	2.1	1.9	2.0	-	-	-
Nondurable Goods.....	9.3	9.2	9.2	14.1	14.1	15.1
Textile Mill Products and Apparel..	2.6	2.5	2.6	8.0	8.0	8.7
Apparel and Other Textile Products.	-	-	-	1.4	1.4	1.6
Paper and Allied Products.....	1.6	1.6	1.6	-	-	-
Chemicals and Allied Products.....	2.0	2.0	2.0	-	-	-
Transportation and Public Utilities..	11.0	10.8	11.1	1.5	1.5	1.5
Wholesale and Retail Trade.....	53.3	52.8	51.6	12.4	12.3	12.2
Wholesale Trade.....	8.7	8.6	8.7	-	-	-
Retail Trade.....	44.6	44.2	42.9	-	-	-
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate..	8.0	7.8	7.8	1.5	1.5	1.6
Services.....	49.1	48.3	45.2	8.9	8.9	8.9
Total Government.....	56.5	56.6	54.6	8.8	8.8	8.3
Total Federal Government.....	19.6	19.7	19.7	-	-	-
Total State and Local Government.....	36.9	36.9	34.9	-	-	-
Total State Government.....	16.9	16.9	16.1	-	-	-
Total Local Government.....	20.0	20.0	18.8	-	-	-

Note: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 9

NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT
IN THE FLORENCE METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA
BY MAJOR INDUSTRY DIVISION AND SELECTED INDUSTRY GROUP

April, 1991

	FLORENCE		
	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990
Total Nonagricultural Employment.....	54.7	54.9	55.2
Construction and Mining.....	3.0	3.0	3.0
Manufacturing.....	13.0	13.0	13.4
Durable Goods.....	4.7	4.7	4.8
Nondurable Goods.....	8.3	8.3	8.6
Textile Mill Products.....	2.8	2.8	2.8
Apparel and Other Textile Products.	2.0	2.1	2.1
Transportation and Public Utilities..	2.0	2.0	2.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade.....	12.6	12.6	12.6
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate..	3.8	3.8	3.9
Services.....	10.4	10.4	10.4
Total Government.....	9.9	10.1	9.9

Note: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 10

FEMALE EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA BY MAJOR INDUSTRY DIVISION AND SELECTED INDUSTRY GROUPS

April, 1991

	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990	Net Change From Mar. 1991	Net Change From Apr. 1990
Total Nonagricultural Employment	756.7	751.0	745.4	+ 5.7	+11.3
Total Private	571.0	564.8	568.4	+ 6.2	+ 2.6
Construction	8.7	8.8	9.1	- 0.1	- 0.4
Manufacturing	150.3	150.2	159.2	+ 0.1	- 8.9
Durable Goods	42.5	42.8	44.3	- 0.3	- 1.8
Lumber and Wood Products	2.2	2.3	2.4	- 0.1	- 0.2
Fabricated Metal Products	3.5	3.5	3.7	0.0	- 0.2
Industrial Machinery and Equipment	10.7	10.8	11.3	- 0.1	- 0.6
Electronic and other Electric Equipment	11.9	11.9	12.3	0.0	- 0.4
Instruments and Related Products	3.5	3.5	3.4	0.0	+ 0.1
Nondurable Goods	107.8	107.4	114.9	+ 0.4	- 7.1
Food and Kindred Products	5.2	5.2	5.8	0.0	- 0.6
Textile Mill Products	42.1	41.5	44.5	+ 0.6	- 2.4
Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Cotton	10.8	10.7	11.3	+ 0.1	- 0.5
Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Manmade	10.5	10.2	11.3	+ 0.3	- 0.8
Knitting Mills	5.7	5.8	6.0	- 0.1	- 0.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	30.2	30.5	34.3	- 0.3	- 4.1
Men's and Boys' Furnishings	7.5	7.5	8.9	0.0	- 1.4
Women's and Misses' Outerwear	10.2	10.4	11.3	- 0.2	- 1.1
Paper and Allied Products	3.7	3.7	3.7	0.0	0.0
Printing and Publishing	4.7	4.7	4.7	0.0	0.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	11.0	10.9	10.8	+ 0.1	+ 0.2
Rubber and Miscellaneous Plastics Prod	10.8	10.8	11.0	0.0	- 0.2
Transportation and Public Utilities	16.8	16.7	16.8	+ 0.1	0.0
Communications	6.3	6.3	6.3	0.0	0.0

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TABLE 10 (Continued)

FEMALE EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA BY MAJOR INDUSTRY DIVISION AND SELECTED INDUSTRY GROUPS

April, 1991

	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990	Net Change From Mar. 1991	Net Change From Apr. 1990
Wholesale and Retail Trade	175.5	171.9	173.9	+ 3.6	+ 1.6
Wholesale Trade	16.7	16.7	16.8	0.0	- 0.1
Wholesale Trade - Durable Goods	7.9	7.9	8.0	0.0	- 0.1
Wholesale Trade - Nondurable Goods	8.8	8.8	8.8	0.0	0.0
Retail Trade	158.8	155.2	157.1	+ 3.6	+ 1.7
General Merchandise Stores	26.8	26.6	26.2	+ 0.2	+ 0.6
Food Stores	25.1	24.8	24.6	+ 0.3	+ 0.5
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	42.8	42.3	43.1	+ 0.5	- 0.3
Insurance Carriers	8.2	8.2	8.5	0.0	- 0.3
Services	176.7	174.7	166.1	+ 2.0	+10.6
Hotels and Other Lodging Places	17.6	16.3	15.7	+ 1.3	+ 1.9
Health Services	51.3	51.1	48.1	+ 0.2	+ 3.2
Hospitals	17.3	17.2	16.0	+ 0.1	+ 1.3
Educational Services	16.9	17.0	15.6	- 0.1	+ 1.3
Total Government	185.7	186.2	177.0	- 0.5	+ 8.7
Total Federal Government	15.5	15.4	14.1	+ 0.1	+ 1.4
Total State and Local Government	170.2	170.8	162.9	- 0.6	+ 7.3
Total State Government	64.4	64.6	59.8	- 0.2	+ 4.6
State Government Education	22.3	22.3	19.3	0.0	+ 3.0
Other State Government	42.1	42.3	40.5	- 0.2	+ 1.6
Total Local Government	105.8	106.2	103.1	- 0.4	+ 2.7
Local Government Education	68.7	69.2	67.6	- 0.5	+ 1.1
Other Local Government	37.1	37.0	35.5	+ 0.1	+ 1.6

Note: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 11

MANUFACTURING PRODUCTION WORKERS EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA
BY SELECTED INDUSTRY GROUPS

April, 1991

	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990	Net Change From Mar. 1991	Net Change From Apr. 1990
Manufacturing	275.5	275.6	290.7	- 0.1	-15.2
Durable Goods	96.4	97.1	101.4	- 0.7	- 5.0
Lumber and Wood Products	11.6	11.7	12.5	- 0.1	- 0.9
Furniture and Fixtures	2.6	2.7	3.0	- 0.1	- 0.4
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	7.1	7.2	7.7	- 0.1	- 0.6
Fabricated Metal Products	11.5	11.6	12.3	- 0.1	- 0.8
Industrial Machinery and Equipment	25.5	25.6	27.0	- 0.1	- 1.5
Special Industry Machinery	3.8	3.8	4.1	0.0	- 0.3
Electronic and Other Electric Equipment	16.9	17.0	17.3	- 0.1	- 0.4
Instruments and Related Products	4.4	4.4	4.3	0.0	+ 0.1
Nondurable Goods	179.1	178.5	189.3	+ 0.6	-10.2
Food and Kindred Products	9.4	9.4	10.4	0.0	- 1.0
Textile Mill Products	81.2	80.1	85.8	+ 1.1	- 4.6
Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Cotton	23.0	23.0	24.3	0.0	- 1.3
Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Manmade	20.2	19.7	21.9	+ 0.5	- 1.7
Knitting Mills	7.0	7.0	7.4	0.0	- 0.4
Textile Finishing, Except Wool	11.5	11.7	11.7	- 0.2	- 0.2
Yarn and Thread Mills	8.7	8.0	9.3	+ 0.7	- 0.6
Apparel and Other Textile Products	30.1	30.5	34.3	- 0.4	- 4.2
Men's and Boys' Furnishings	7.4	7.4	8.9	0.0	- 1.5
Women's and Misses' Outerwear	9.4	9.5	10.4	- 0.1	- 1.0
Paper and Allied Products	11.4	11.4	11.3	0.0	+ 0.1
Printing and Publishing	5.9	5.9	6.0	0.0	- 0.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	23.2	23.2	23.1	0.0	+ 0.1

Note: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 12

ESTIMATED MANUFACTURING AVERAGE EARNINGS AND HOURS
IN SOUTH CAROLINA
April, 1990

Industry	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS (Dollars)			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS (Hours)			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS (Dollars)		
	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990
MANUFACTURING	368.24	368.74	355.66	40.6	40.7	40.6	9.07	9.06	8.76
DURABLE GOODS	385.48	381.97	371.18	41.9	41.7	41.8	9.20	9.16	8.88
Lumber and Wood Products	330.54	326.82	318.70	42.0	41.9	42.1	7.87	7.80	7.57
Furniture and Fixtures	272.06	270.82	266.66	38.7	38.8	39.1	7.03	6.98	6.82
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	441.94	446.42	415.24	43.2	43.3	41.4	10.23	10.31	10.03
Fabricated Metal Products	377.30	380.37	374.69	41.1	41.3	42.1	9.18	9.21	8.90
Industrial Machinery And Equip.	439.21	428.57	409.81	43.4	42.9	42.6	10.12	9.99	9.62
Special Industry Machinery	437.58	446.76	425.78	44.2	44.9	45.2	9.90	9.95	9.42
Electronic And Other Elec. Equip.	336.08	334.05	325.48	39.4	39.3	39.5	8.53	8.50	8.24
Instruments and Related Products	374.44	369.64	356.97	44.0	43.9	43.8	8.51	8.42	8.15
NONDURABLE GOODS	359.10	361.80	347.60	39.9	40.2	40.0	9.00	9.00	8.69
Food and Kindred Products	316.42	318.45	304.48	38.4	38.6	38.3	8.24	8.25	7.95
Textile Mill Products	334.32	338.48	323.95	39.8	40.2	39.7	8.40	8.42	8.16
Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Cotton	343.08	348.13	321.34	39.8	40.2	38.3	8.62	8.66	8.39
Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Manmade	340.35	349.87	336.87	38.6	39.4	38.9	8.82	8.88	8.66
Knitting Mills	280.35	285.52	281.19	39.1	39.6	39.0	7.17	7.21	7.21
Textile Finishing, Except Wool	367.98	364.56	349.82	42.2	42.0	42.3	8.72	8.68	8.27
Yarn and Thread Mills	300.89	299.30	303.55	39.8	39.8	40.8	7.56	7.52	7.44
Apparel and Other Textile Products	221.79	225.70	218.52	36.3	37.0	37.1	6.11	6.10	5.89
Men's and Boys' Furnishings	227.62	230.83	218.79	38.0	38.6	37.4	5.99	5.98	5.85
Women's and Misses' Outerwear	204.95	204.54	191.46	37.4	37.6	36.4	5.48	5.44	5.26
Paper and Allied Products	575.34	586.18	574.20	44.6	45.3	45.0	12.90	12.94	12.76
Printing and Publishing	368.06	370.72	346.63	38.5	38.9	37.8	9.56	9.53	9.17
Chemicals and Allied Products	498.56	504.30	509.88	40.5	41.0	42.0	12.31	12.30	12.14

Note: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 13

ESTIMATED NUMBER OF PRODUCTION WORKERS AND AVERAGE EARNINGS AND HOURS IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES IN SOUTH CAROLINA'S MAJOR METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

April, 1991

CHARLESTON MSA

	Production Workers (In Thousands)			Average Hours Worked Per Week (Hours)		
	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990
All Manufacturing	14.5	14.2	14.7	40.3	40.2	40.8
Durable Goods	8.8	8.5	9.1	41.1	40.9	40.9
Nondurable Goods	5.7	5.7	5.6	39.0	39.1	40.7

	Average Weekly Earnings (Dollars)			Average Hourly Earnings (Dollars)		
	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990
All Manufacturing	378.82	377.08	372.91	9.40	9.38	9.14
Durable Goods	389.63	386.91	372.60	9.48	9.46	9.11
Nondurable Goods	361.92	361.68	373.22	9.28	9.25	9.17

COLUMBIA MSA

	Production Workers (In Thousands)			Average Hours Worked Per Week (Hours)		
	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990
All Manufacturing	18.4	18.6	18.8	40.8	40.8	41.5
Durable Goods	8.4	8.4	8.6	40.2	40.1	41.5
Fabricated Metal Products	2.1	2.2	2.2	40.3	41.2	42.0
Industrial Machinery and Equipment	1.4	1.4	1.5	43.1	43.7	42.2
Nondurable Goods	10.0	10.2	10.2	41.3	41.5	41.6
Textile Mill Products	1.5	1.5	1.6	37.7	37.6	39.9
Apparel and Other Textile Products	1.6	1.7	1.8	38.3	39.4	38.1

	Average Weekly Earnings (Dollars)			Average Hourly Earnings (Dollars)		
	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990
All Manufacturing	379.85	377.81	374.33	9.31	9.26	9.02
Durable Goods	354.97	351.68	363.12	8.83	8.77	8.75
Fabricated Metal Products	360.68	371.21	369.60	8.95	9.01	8.80
Industrial Machinery and Equipment	416.35	422.14	381.49	9.66	9.66	9.04
Nondurable Goods	401.85	402.14	385.63	9.73	9.69	9.27
Textile Mill Products	324.97	323.36	329.57	8.62	8.60	8.26
Apparel and Other Textile Products	207.20	212.76	198.12	5.41	5.40	5.20

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TABLE 13 (Continued)

ESTIMATED NUMBER OF PRODUCTION WORKERS
AND AVERAGE EARNINGS AND HOURS IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES
IN SOUTH CAROLINA'S MAJOR METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

April, 1991

GREENVILLE-SPARTANBURG MSA

	Production Workers (In Thousands)			Average Hours Worked Per Week (Hours)		
	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990
All Manufacturing	71.8	71.7	75.0	40.2	40.3	40.5
Durable Goods	23.3	23.4	23.9	42.0	42.0	42.5
Industrial Machinery and Equipment	9.8	9.8	9.7	43.7	43.5	44.2
Special Industry Machinery	2.8	2.8	2.9	44.1	44.5	44.2
Nondurable Goods	48.5	48.3	51.1	39.4	39.4	39.6
Textile Mill Products	23.9	23.3	25.8	38.7	38.9	39.2
Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Manmade	6.1	5.6	6.3	39.8	40.1	38.3
Knitting Mills	1.1	1.1	1.2	35.5	35.6	36.7
Textile Finishing, Except Wool	2.7	2.9	3.1	37.2	35.9	39.8
Apparel and Other Textile Products	5.1	5.4	6.1	36.2	37.5	37.9
Men's and Boys' Furnishings	0.4	0.4	0.7	36.5	36.2	36.4
Chemicals and Allied Products	5.3	5.3	5.3	41.7	41.8	42.0

	Average Weekly Earnings (Dollars)			Average Hourly Earnings (Dollars)		
	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990	Apr. 1991	Mar. 1991	Apr. 1990
All Manufacturing	365.02	363.51	352.76	9.08	9.02	8.71
Durable Goods	410.76	407.82	397.38	9.78	9.71	9.35
Industrial Machinery and Equipment	461.91	455.88	440.67	10.57	10.48	9.97
Special Industry Machinery	434.83	440.10	418.57	9.86	9.89	9.47
Nondurable Goods	343.96	341.60	332.64	8.73	8.67	8.40
Textile Mill Products	329.34	329.09	323.01	8.51	8.46	8.24
Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Manmade	343.87	343.66	318.27	8.64	8.57	8.31
Knitting Mills	264.83	269.14	274.52	7.46	7.56	7.48
Textile Finishing, Except Wool	310.62	293.66	317.21	8.35	8.18	7.97
Apparel and Other Textile Products	207.06	216.38	214.89	5.72	5.77	5.67
Men's and Boys' Furnishings	193.45	188.60	191.10	5.30	5.21	5.25
Chemicals and Allied Products	476.63	475.68	459.48	11.43	11.38	10.94

Note: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 14

NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT FOR COUNTIES IN SOUTH CAROLINA

APRIL, 1991

AREA	TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT			MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT			NONMANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT		
	APR. 1991	MAR. 1991	APR. 1990	APR. 1991	MAR. 1991	APR. 1990	APR. 1991	MAR. 1991	APR. 1990
ABBEVILLE	7,050	7,020	7,020	3,700	3,670	3,690	3,350	3,350	3,330
AIKEN	61,300	60,800	59,900	23,100	22,800	22,300	38,200	38,000	37,600
ALLENDALE	3,660	3,640	3,670	1,320	1,300	1,310	2,340	2,340	2,360
ANDERSON	54,500	54,300	55,000	19,000	18,900	20,100	35,500	35,400	34,900
BAMBERG	4,220	4,260	4,430	1,410	1,410	1,530	2,810	2,850	2,900
BARNWELL	7,770	7,760	7,350	3,030	3,000	2,910	4,740	4,760	4,440
BEAUFORT	35,960	35,880	34,660	1,240	1,240	1,260	34,720	34,640	33,400
BERKELEY	27,100	27,200	27,300	6,700	6,700	6,900	20,400	20,500	20,400
CALHOUN	3,490	3,480	3,720	1,510	1,500	1,750	1,980	1,980	1,970
CHARLESTON	168,400	167,000	162,100	11,600	11,400	11,700	156,800	155,600	150,400
CHEROKEE	18,370	18,410	18,480	8,800	8,850	9,110	9,570	9,560	9,370
CHESTER	11,740	11,730	12,530	5,860	5,800	6,670	5,880	5,930	5,860
CHESTERFIELD	14,610	14,680	14,650	8,110	8,150	8,250	6,500	6,530	6,400
CLARENDON	7,120	7,070	7,270	1,530	1,540	1,760	5,590	5,530	5,510
COLLETON	10,240	10,190	10,660	2,220	2,170	2,670	8,020	8,020	7,990
DARLINGTON	21,760	21,790	22,040	7,720	7,740	7,860	14,040	14,050	14,180
DILLON	9,880	9,830	9,360	3,370	3,360	3,570	6,510	6,470	5,790
DORCHESTER	19,200	18,900	18,400	2,700	2,700	2,800	16,500	16,200	15,600
EDGEFIELD	4,540	4,530	4,570	1,900	1,890	2,000	2,640	2,640	2,570
FAIRFIELD	6,980	6,980	7,470	2,170	2,170	2,460	4,810	4,810	5,010
FLORENCE	54,700	54,900	55,200	13,000	13,000	13,400	41,700	41,900	41,800
GEORGETOWN	18,220	18,240	17,790	4,560	4,590	4,720	13,660	13,650	13,070
GREENVILLE	195,600	194,500	192,600	46,900	46,800	48,800	148,700	147,700	143,800
GREENWOOD	30,050	30,070	29,950	10,750	10,730	11,060	19,300	19,340	18,890
HAMPTON	5,550	5,610	5,590	1,700	1,720	1,790	3,850	3,890	3,800
HORRY	67,250	64,420	66,230	5,790	5,760	5,990	61,460	58,660	60,240
JASPER	3,600	3,630	3,690	350	350	360	3,250	3,280	3,330
KERSHAW	16,410	16,360	16,860	6,110	6,090	6,250	10,300	10,270	10,610
LANCASTER	18,180	18,360	18,570	7,620	7,720	7,930	10,560	10,640	10,640
LAURENS	20,680	20,660	20,630	7,450	7,430	7,730	13,230	13,230	12,900
LEE	3,610	3,600	3,740	1,220	1,200	1,290	2,390	2,400	2,450
LEXINGTON	59,500	59,400	58,600	13,400	13,500	13,500	46,100	45,900	45,100

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TABLE 14 (Continued)
NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT FOR COUNTIES IN SOUTH CAROLINA
APRIL, 1991

AREA	TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT			MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT			NONMANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT		
	APR. 1991	MAR. 1991	APR. 1990	APR. 1991	MAR. 1991	APR. 1990	APR. 1991	MAR. 1991	APR. 1990
McCORMICK	2,410	2,380	2,360	640	610	750	1,770	1,770	1,610
MARION	12,910	13,420	12,670	5,660	5,770	6,140	7,250	7,650	6,530
MARLBORO	9,540	9,490	9,440	4,310	4,240	4,310	5,230	5,250	5,130
NEWBERRY	12,100	12,100	11,650	4,970	4,930	4,880	7,130	7,170	6,770
OCONEE	25,810	25,850	25,840	10,440	10,510	10,590	15,370	15,340	15,250
ORANGEBURG	30,760	30,550	31,500	10,050	9,830	10,180	20,710	20,720	21,320
PICKENS	36,100	35,800	35,600	11,700	11,700	12,100	24,400	24,100	23,500
RICHLAND	192,600	192,200	188,500	14,200	14,300	14,500	178,400	177,900	174,000
SALUDA	3,950	3,960	3,850	1,730	1,770	1,660	2,220	2,190	2,190
SPARTANBURG	107,200	106,800	107,700	36,700	36,600	38,600	70,500	70,200	69,100
SUMTER	33,000	33,110	34,790	9,140	9,160	10,200	23,860	23,950	24,590
UNION	9,820	10,210	10,560	5,000	5,390	5,640	4,820	4,820	4,920
WILLIAMSBURG	10,820	10,860	11,290	5,050	5,090	5,300	5,770	5,770	5,990
YORK	49,000	48,600	49,500	14,400	14,000	14,600	34,600	34,600	34,900

NOTE: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 15
LABOR FORCE AND UNEMPLOYMENT BY LABOR MARKET AREA
APRIL, 1991

AREA	LABOR FORCE			UNEMPLOYMENT					
				NUMBER			PERCENT OF LABOR FORCE		
	APR. 1991	MAR. 1991	APR. 1990	APR. 1991	MAR. 1991	APR. 1990	APR. 1991	MAR. 1991	APR. 1990
ABBEVILLE	10,940	10,680	10,480	970	890	530	8.8	8.3	5.1
AIKEN	67,100	66,000	66,550	2,970	3,110	2,160	4.4	4.7	3.2
ALLENDALE	5,370	5,270	5,190	470	500	280	8.7	9.4	5.4
ANDERSON MSA	70,730	70,000	70,190	4,340	4,900	2,780	6.1	7.0	4.0
BAMBERG	6,450	6,450	6,440	730	770	470	11.3	12.0	7.3
BARNWELL	9,680	9,520	8,740	1,300	1,290	760	13.4	13.6	8.7
BEAUFORT	38,610	37,850	37,000	1,330	1,440	960	3.5	3.8	2.6
BERKELEY	55,770	54,500	53,250	2,280	2,400	1,440	4.1	4.4	2.7
CALHOUN	4,590	4,520	4,630	370	410	220	8.1	9.0	4.8
CHARLESTON	149,930	146,370	143,180	6,090	6,300	3,860	4.1	4.3	2.7
CHEROKEE	23,320	23,260	23,180	1,520	1,750	1,150	6.5	7.5	5.0
CHESTER	14,180	14,100	14,150	1,760	1,890	840	12.4	13.4	5.9
CHESTERFIELD	21,320	21,080	21,090	1,250	1,270	880	5.9	6.0	4.2
CLARENDON	12,520	12,290	12,250	990	1,050	500	7.9	8.5	4.1
COLLETON	18,510	18,130	18,110	1,480	1,460	530	8.0	8.1	2.9
DARLINGTON	28,640	28,270	28,210	2,100	2,190	1,280	7.3	7.7	4.5
DILLON	15,010	14,680	13,980	1,310	1,320	830	8.7	9.0	5.9
DORCHESTER	39,200	38,170	37,580	1,670	1,630	1,230	4.3	4.3	3.3
EDGEFIELD	7,010	6,990	7,020	350	490	310	5.0	7.0	4.4
FAIRFIELD	9,650	9,610	9,910	1,120	1,240	750	11.7	13.0	7.6
FLORENCE MSA	58,250	57,540	57,800	3,230	3,250	2,100	5.5	5.6	3.6
GEORGTOWN	23,270	23,280	22,410	1,790	2,080	1,310	7.7	8.9	5.8
GREENVILLE	178,730	175,300	175,300	7,990	8,080	4,970	4.5	4.6	2.8
GREENWOOD	29,540	29,450	29,110	1,930	2,210	1,470	6.5	7.5	5.0
HAMPTON	7,390	7,360	7,240	530	560	340	7.2	7.6	4.7
HORRY	75,580	72,080	73,440	4,740	5,910	3,470	6.3	8.2	4.7
JASPER	6,280	6,290	6,240	290	360	180	4.7	5.7	2.9
KERSHAW	19,540	19,200	19,280	1,680	1,670	900	8.6	8.7	4.7
LANCASTER	24,850	24,700	24,820	1,960	1,890	1,340	7.9	7.7	5.4
LAURENS	24,570	24,440	24,400	1,540	1,730	1,250	6.3	7.1	5.1
LEE	8,810	8,680	8,950	530	590	360	6.1	6.8	4.0
LEXINGTON	99,010	97,510	96,840	3,690	4,040	3,130	3.7	4.1	3.2

(Continued on next page)

TABLE 15 (Continued)
LABOR FORCE AND UNEMPLOYMENT BY LABOR MARKET AREA
APRIL, 1991

AREA	LABOR FORCE			UNEMPLOYMENT NUMBER			UNEMPLOYMENT PERCENT OF LABOR FORCE		
	APR. 1991	MAR. 1991	APR. 1990	APR. 1991	MAR. 1991	APR. 1990	APR. 1991	MAR. 1991	APR. 1990
McCORMICK	3,290	3,380	3,090	420	530	220	12.7	15.7	7.1
MARION	15,750	15,900	15,020	1,890	1,750	1,360	12.0	11.0	9.1
MARLBORO	13,260	12,900	12,810	1,450	1,380	1,110	10.9	10.7	8.7
NEWBERRY	15,340	15,250	14,720	790	870	690	5.1	5.7	4.7
OCONEE	31,070	30,960	30,250	2,220	2,430	1,230	7.2	7.8	4.1
ORANGEBURG	39,970	39,410	40,100	2,860	3,140	2,070	7.2	8.0	5.2
PICKENS	50,150	49,290	49,320	2,390	2,510	1,670	4.8	5.1	3.4
RICHLAND	147,810	144,960	143,470	5,950	5,860	4,010	4.0	4.0	2.8
SALUDA	8,660	8,590	8,560	430	480	500	5.0	5.6	5.8
SPARTANBURG	117,690	116,460	114,720	7,270	8,310	4,560	6.2	7.1	4.0
SUMTER	37,720	37,900	37,660	3,550	3,750	1,550	9.4	9.9	4.1
UNION	14,040	13,530	14,000	1,310	1,230	920	9.3	9.1	6.6
WILLIAMSBURG	16,800	16,690	16,990	1,440	1,560	1,060	8.6	9.3	6.2
YORK	72,810	72,200	71,870	3,740	4,490	2,760	5.1	6.2	3.8
CHAS MSA	244,900	239,040	234,010	10,040	10,330	6,530	4.1	4.3	2.8
COLA MSA	246,810	242,460	240,310	9,650	9,900	7,140	3.9	4.1	3.0
GRNV MSA	346,570	341,040	339,330	17,660	18,890	11,190	5.1	5.5	3.3
Comparable data for South Carolina given in thousands.									
South Carolina	1,748.7	1,720.9	1,709.5	100.0	106.9	66.3	5.7	6.2	3.9

NOTE: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 16

LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND UNEMPLOYMENT FOR SELECTED CITIES IN SOUTH CAROLINA

APRIL, 1991

CITIES	LABOR FORCE			UNEMPLOYMENT			PERCENT OF LABOR FORCE		
	APR. 1991	MAR. 1991	APR. 1990	APR. 1991	MAR. 1991	APR. 1990	APR. 1991	MAR. 1991	APR. 1990
ANDERSON	13,680	13,580	13,490	1,090	1,230	700	7.9	9.0	5.2
CHARLESTON	40,120	39,170	38,330	1,590	1,640	1,010	4.0	4.2	2.6
COLUMBIA	48,310	47,380	46,780	2,320	2,290	1,570	4.8	4.8	3.4
GOOSE CREEK	7,190	7,020	6,850	320	330	200	4.4	4.8	2.9
FLORENCE	16,050	15,860	15,950	840	850	550	5.2	5.3	3.4
GREENVILLE	34,740	34,090	33,970	1,860	1,880	1,160	5.3	5.5	3.4
MOUNT PLEASANT	9,480	9,240	9,120	190	190	120	2.0	2.1	1.3
MYRTLE BEACH	13,650	12,940	13,330	600	750	440	4.4	5.8	3.3
N. CHARLESTON	23,950	23,410	22,700	1,480	1,530	940	6.2	6.5	4.1
ROCK HILL	23,210	23,070	22,860	1,420	1,700	1,050	6.1	7.4	4.6
SPARTANBURG	24,130	23,930	23,420	1,790	2,040	1,120	7.4	8.5	4.8
SUMTER	11,450	11,510	11,410	1,110	1,170	480	9.7	10.2	4.2

NOTE: See technical notes on final page.

TECHNICAL NOTES

This release is prepared in conjunction with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. The current month's estimates are preliminary while all previous data are subject to revision. Industries are classified according to the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987. All estimates are projected from a first quarter 1990 benchmark.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary employees who worked during or received pay for the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Estimates measure the number of jobs by industry and reflect employment by place of work. Therefore, these data are not strictly comparable with the labor force data which represent persons by place of residence. Excluded from wage and salary estimates are proprietors, self-employed workers, private household employees, and unpaid family workers. A small percentage of wage and salary workers cannot be allocated to specific counties (Table 12) because of the nature of their jobs. Therefore, county data will not add to state totals.

Production worker estimates include full- and part-time employees working within manufacturing industries. Hours worked and earnings data are computed based on payroll figures for the week including the 12th of the month for production workers. Average hourly earnings are calculated on a gross basis, and are affected by such factors as premium pay for overtime and shift differential as well as changes in basic hourly and incentive rates of pay. Average weekly earnings are the product of weekly hours worked and hourly earnings.

Labor force data are adjusted to the Current Population Survey benchmark, and represent employment and unemployment by place of residence. These data are not comparable to the place-of-work industry employment series. Workers involved in labor disputes are counted as employed. Total employment in the labor force also includes agricultural workers, unpaid family workers, domestics, and self-employed. The unemployment rate is calculated by dividing total unemployment by the labor force, and is expressed as a percent. Because of the conceptual differences stated above, total employment may in some instances be lower than nonagricultural wage and salary employment.

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